

Ultrasonic Doppler Flowmeter

Version V1.9.1

MODBUS—RTU communication protocol

- 1、 The hardware is adopted with RS-485, master-slave half-duplex communication, that is, the host calls the slave address, and the slave answers.
- 2、 Data frame: 10 digits, 1 start bit, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit, without verification.
Baud rate: 1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600 (9600 by default).
- 3、 Function code 03H: Read register value

Data sent by the host:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR | 03H | High-order byte of initial register | Low-order byte of initial register | High-order byte of register number | Low-order byte of register number | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

The first byte, ADR: address of slave machine (=001~254)

The second byte 03H: Read the register value function code

The third and fourth bytes: the start address of the register to be read

The fifth and sixth bytes: the number of the register to be read

The seventh and eighth bytes: CRC16 verification from byte 1 to byte 6

When the slave machine receives correctly, it will send back following values:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4、 5 | 6、 7 | | M-1、 M | M+1 | M+2 |
|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR | 03H | Total number of bytes | Register data 1 | Register data 2 | 。 。 。 | Register data M | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

The first byte, ADR: address of slave machine (=001~254)

The second byte 03H: Return to read function code

The third byte: Total number of bytes from 4 to M (included)

Byte from 4 to M: Register data

The M+1 and M+2 bytes: CRC16 verification from byte 1 to byte M

When the slave machine does not receive correctly, it will send back following values:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----|-----|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR | 83H | Information code | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

The first byte, ADR: address of slave machine (=001~254)

The first byte 83H: Register value reading error

The third byte information code: See the table of information code

The fourth and fifth bytes: CRC16 verification from byte 1 to byte 3

4、Function code 06H: Write a single register data

Data sent by the host:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----|----|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR | 06 | High-order byte of register address | Low-order byte of register address | High-order byte of data | Low-order byte of data | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

When the slave machine receives correctly, it will send back following values:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-----|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| ADR | 06 | High-order byte of register | Low-order byte of register | High-order byte of data | Low-order byte of data | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-rder byte of CRC code |

When the slave machine does not receive correctly, it will send back following values:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----|-----|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR | 86H | Error information code | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

The first byte, ADR: address of slave machine (=001~254)

The first byte 86H: function code of writing error of register number

The third byte information code: See the table of information code

The fourth and fifth bytes: CRC16 verification from byte 1 to byte 3

5、Function code 10H: Write multiple register numbers in succession

Data sent by the host:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-----|-----|---|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| ADR | 10H | High-order byte of initial register address | Low-order byte of initial register address | High-order byte of register number | Low-order byte of register number | Total number of data bytes |

| 8、9 | 10、11 | N、N+1 | N+2 | N+3 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Register data 1 | Register data 2 | Register data M | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

When the slave machine receives correctly, it will send back following values:

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|---|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| ADR | 10H | High-order byte of initial register address | Low-order byte of initial register address | High-order byte of register number | Low-order byte of register number | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

When the slave machine does not receive correctly, it will send back following values:

| | | | | |
|-----|-----|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| ADR | 90H | Error information code | Low-order byte of CRC code | High-order byte of CRC code |

The first byte, ADR: address of slave machine (=001~254)

The first byte 90H: function code of writing error of register number

The third byte information code: See the table of information code

The fourth and fifth bytes: CRC16 verification from byte 1 to byte 3

6、Register Definition Table: (Note: Register address coding adopts hexadecimal system.)

| Register address | Description | Read Only | Register address | Description | Read Only |
|------------------|---|-----------|------------------|--|-----------|
| 0000 | Level instantaneous value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 0001 | Level instantaneous value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | √ |
| 0002 | Instantaneous flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 0003 | Instantaneous flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | √ |
| 0004 | Integral part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte long integer number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 0005 | Integral part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte long integer number, 2 low-order bytes) | √ |
| 0006 | Decimal part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 0007 | Decimal part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | √ |
| 0008 | Analog output instantaneous value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 0009 | Analog output instantaneous value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | √ |
| 000A | Instantaneous temperature value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ | 000B | Instantaneous temperature value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | √ |
| 000C | Instantaneous value of velocity (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 000D | Instantaneous value of velocity (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | |
| 000E | Supply Voltage (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 000F | Supply Voltage (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | |
| 0012 | Reserved | | 0013 | Reserved | |
| 0014 | Reserved | | 0015 | Reserved | |
| 0016 | Reserved | | 0017 | Reserved | |
| 0018 | Reserved | | 0019 | Reserved | |
| 001A | Reserved | | 001B | Reserved | |
| 001C | Reserved | | 001D | Reserved | |
| 001E | Reserved | | 001F | Reserved | |
| 0020 | Reserved | | 0021 | Reserved | |
| 0022 | IF alarm value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0023 | IF alarm value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0024 | IF reset value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0025 | IF reset value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0026 | Preset Value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0027 | Preset Value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0028 | Side length (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0029 | Side length (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 002A | Width (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 002B | Width (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |

| | | | | | |
|------|---|--|------|--|--|
| | bytes) | | | bytes) | |
| 002C | Height (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 002D | Height (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 002E | Top edge length (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 002F | Top edge length (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0030 | Bottom edge-L (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0031 | Bottom edge-L (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0032 | Trapezoidal-H (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0033 | Trapezoidal-H (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0034 | Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0035 | Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0036 | Long Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0037 | Long Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0038 | Short Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0039 | Short Radius (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 003A | River channel-W (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 003B | River channel-W (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 003C | Channel BTM.-W (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 003D | Channel BTM.-W (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 003E | Channel CEN.-H (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 003F | Channel CEN.-H (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0040 | 20mA flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0041 | 20mA flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0042 | 4mA flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0043 | 4mA flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0044 | Integral part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte long integer number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0045 | Integral part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte long integer number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0046 | Decimal part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0047 | Decimal part of the cumulative flow value (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 0048 | Offset Amount (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 0049 | Offset Amount (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 004A | SS excision (4-byte floating number, 2 high-order bytes) | | 004B | SS excision (4-byte floating number, 2 low-order bytes) | |
| 004C | | | 004D | | |
| 004E | | | 004F | | |
| 0050 | Reserved | | 0051 | Reserved | |
| 0052 | Reserved | | 0053 | Reserved | |
| 0054 | Reserved | | 0055 | Reserved | |
| 0056 | Reserved | | 0057 | Reserved | |
| 0058 | Reserved | | 0059 | Reserved | |
| 005A | Reserved | | 005B | Reserved | |
| 005C | IF alarm mode CF ratio output | | 005D | Channel type Baud Rate | |
| 005E | Cum. flow reset Flow unit | | 005F | Ex. level gauge Sensor Qty. | |
| 0060 | Interface switch Cum. unit | | 0061 | Factory Reset System Reset | |
| 0062 | | | 0063 | | |
| 0064 | | | 0065 | | |
| 0066 | | | 0067 | Reserved | |
| 0068 | Reserved | | 0069 | Reserved | |
| 006A | Reserved | | 006B | Reserved Address | |

Remarks:

①

4-byte floating number: it conforms to the single-precision floating number upon IEEE - 754 standard.

| | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Byte address | +3 | +2 | +1 | +0 |
| Floating number | SEEEEEEE | EMMMMMMM | MMMMMMMM | MMMMMMMM |

S - sign bit, "1" indicates negative and "0" indicates positive.

E - exponent

M - the decimal part of mantissa

For example: floating number 124.75 = 42F98000H. The storage format in memory is:

| | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Byte address | +3 | +2 | +1 | +0 |
| Floating number | 0 1000010 | 1 1111001 | 01000000 | 00000000 |

8-byte double-precision (double type): it conforms to the IEEE—754 standard.

For example: floating number 38414.4 =40E2C1CCCCCCCCD H. The storage format in memory is:

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Byte address | +7 | +6 | +5 | +4 | +3 | +2 | +1 | +0 |
| Floating number | SEEEEEEE | EEEEMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM |
| | | M | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM | MMMM |

②

IF alarm mode: 0 – close; 1 -- low alarm; 2 -- high alarm

CF ratio output: = 0, Close; = 1, Open cm

Channel type: =0, Square pipe; =1, Rectangular pipe; =2, Trapezoidal pipe; =3, Circular pipe; =4, Oval pipe; =5, River channel;

Baud rate: 0-2400; 1-4800; 2-9600; 3-19200

Cum. flow reset: = 0, No; = 1, Yes

Flow unit: =0, t/h; =1, l/s; =2, t/s

x. level gauge: =0, NO; =1, Ultrasonic l/s; =2, Radart/s

Sensor Qty.: 1-9 (0-8)

Factory reset: 0-No; 1-Yes;

System reset: 0-No; 1-Yes;

Address: 1-254

③

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Regional read-write operation of register

The first region: 0000 — 0021 read only

The second region: 0022 — 005B read-write

The third region: 005C— 006B read-write

Within the same region, a parameter can be read (or write) at a time, and all parameters in the region can be read (or write) in batch. It is not allowed to read and write parameters cross regions.

④ All reserved registers are currently undefined, reserved for upgrade compatibility.

7、Information code table

| Information code | Indication |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| 01H | Invalid function code |
| 02H | Invalid data address |
| 03H | Invalid data value |
| 04H | CRC16 verification error |
| 05H | Correct reception |
| 06H | Reception error |
| 07H | Parameter error |

8、 Example of Serial Port Data Frame Acquisition Communication Protocol

Data sent by the host

| Station number | Function code | Initial address | Point number reading | Check code | Indication |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| 01 | 03 | 0000 | 0002 | C40B | Read water level value, single precision floating number |
| 01 | 03 | 0002 | 0002 | 65CB | Read instantaneous flow value, single precision floating number |
| 01 | 03 | 0004 | 0002 | 85CA | Read the integral part of the accumulative flow value, long integer |
| 01 | 03 | 0006 | 0002 | 240A | Read the decimal part of accumulative flow value, single-precision floating number |

9、 PLC address setting (Example: Siemens S7-200 PLC)

If there is no function code setting item during the PLC setting, the base address of modbus RTU register corresponding to the function code 03 is 40001.

Therefore, the register address of PLC shall be added with 1 during the register address setting.

Examples:

The MODBUS register address of ultrasonic open channel flowmeter is 2 (0x0002), and when the MODBUS function code is 3, the PLC register address is 40003.

Reading table of PLC address

Function code: 03

Description: Read and hold register values.

| Address | Description | Remark |
|---------|--|----------------------------------|
| 40001 | Instantaneous value of distance/material level | Single-precision floating number |
| 40003 | Instantaneous flow rate | Single-precision floating number |
| 40005 | Integral part of the cumulative flow value | Long integer |
| 40007 | Decimal part of the cumulative flow value | Single-precision floating number |
| 40009 | Simulated output instantaneous value | Single-precision floating number |
| 40011 | Instantaneous temperature value | Single-precision floating number |